



## Minisymposium 9 - Nichtlineare Evolutionsgleichungen und Probleme mit freiem Rand

### An Upper Bound for the Waiting Time for Doubly Nonlinear Parabolic Equations

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There is a wide class of equations with the property that their solutions exhibit a waiting time phenomenon, i. e. they have a strict positive waiting time in the following sense: Let  $\Omega := \text{supp}(u_0) \subset \mathbb{R}^N$ . Then

$$t_{\Omega}^* := \sup\{t \geq 0 \mid u(x, \tau) = 0 \text{ for all } x \in \mathbb{R}^N \setminus \Omega \text{ and } \tau \in [0, t]\}$$

is called the *waiting time* for  $u$ .

We will sketch the proof for a quantitative upper bound for the waiting time for weak solutions of the doubly nonlinear parabolic equation

$$\begin{cases} (|u|^{q-2}u)_t - \text{div}(|\nabla u|^{p-2}\nabla u) = 0 & \text{in } \mathbb{R}^N \times [0, \infty), \\ u(x, 0) = u_0(x) & \text{for all } x \in \mathbb{R}^N, \end{cases}$$

with parameters  $p \geq 2$ ,  $1 < q < p$  depending on the growth of the initial value  $u_0$  near  $x_0 \in \partial\Omega$ . This upper bound coincides (apart from a constant factor) with the lower bound given by Giacomelli-Grün [Interfaces Free Bound. **8** No. 1 (2006), 111–129]. The technique is inspired by Chipot-Sideris [Trans. Am. Math. Soc. **288** (1985), 423–427].