

Algebraic Geometry II

3. Exercise sheet

Exercise 1 (4 points):

Let A be a ring, B a faithfully flat A -algebra and M an A -module. Recall the exact sequence

$$0 \rightarrow M \rightarrow M \otimes_A B \rightarrow M \otimes_A B \otimes_A B$$

from the lecture.

i) Use this exact sequence to reprove that the assignment

$$D(f) \mapsto M \otimes_A A[1/f]$$

defines a sheaf on $\text{Spec}(A)$.

ii) Let $f_1, \dots, f_n \in A$ be elements generating the unit ideal of A and set $B := \prod_{i=1}^n A[1/f_i]$. Prove that B is faithfully flat over A and identify the descent data for B/A with glueing data as defined in Algebraic Geometry I, cf. Lemma 10.10 in the notes.

Exercise 2 (4 points):

Let K be a field and let L/K be a finite Galois extension with group G .

i) Prove that the morphism

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Spec}(L) \times G \cong \coprod_{g \in G} \text{Spec}(L) & \rightarrow & \text{Spec}(L) \times_{\text{Spec}(K)} \text{Spec}(L) \\ (x, g) & \mapsto & (x, xg) \end{array}$$

is an isomorphism.

ii) Prove Hilbert's theorem 90: Sending a K -vector space V to $L \otimes_K V$ defines an equivalence

$$\{K\text{-vector spaces}\} \rightarrow \{L\text{-vector spaces together with a semilinear } G\text{-action}\}$$

(A G -action on an L -vector space W is called semilinear if $g(lw) = g(l)g(w)$ for all $g \in G$, $l \in L$ and $w \in W$.)

Hint: Identify L -vector spaces with a semilinear G -action with descent data for $\text{Spec}(L)/\text{Spec}(K)$.

Exercise 3 (4 points):

Let A be a ring and let $A \rightarrow B$ be a faithfully flat morphism.

i) Prove descent for affine schemes, i.e., prove that the category of A -algebras is equivalent to the category of B -algebras C equipped with an isomorphism

$$C \otimes_{B, \iota_1} (B \otimes_A B) \cong C \otimes_{B, \iota_2} (B \otimes_A B)$$

satisfying the cocycle condition. Here $\iota_1(b) = b \otimes 1$ and $\iota_2(b) = 1 \otimes b$ for $b \in B$.

ii) For a scheme S let $C(S)$ denote the set of closed subschemes of S . Prove the exactness of the natural sequence

$$C(\text{Spec}(A)) \rightarrow C(\text{Spec}(B)) \rightrightarrows C(\text{Spec}(B) \times_{\text{Spec}(A)} \text{Spec}(B)).$$

Exercise 4 (4 points):

Let A be a ring, let $I \subseteq A$ be an ideal and let M be an A -module. We set

$$\mathrm{gr}_I(M) := \bigoplus_{i=0}^{\infty} I^i M / I^{i+1} M.$$

i) Assume that M is flat over A . Prove that the canonical map

$$\eta_{M,I}: \mathrm{gr}_I(A) \otimes_{A/I} M/IM \rightarrow \mathrm{gr}_I(M), \bar{f} \otimes \bar{m} \mapsto \overline{f m}$$

is bijective.

Hint: Use the exact sequences

$$0 \rightarrow I^n/I^{n+1} \rightarrow A/I^{n+1} \rightarrow A/I^n \rightarrow 0.$$

ii) Let $A = k[x, y]$, $B := k[x', y']$ and define $f: A \rightarrow B$ by sending $x \mapsto x'y'$, $y \mapsto y'$. Compute the kernel of the map $\eta_{B,(x,y)}$, where B is considered as an A -module via f (and $I = (x, y)$).

iii) Let $A := k[x]$, $B := k[x, y]/(xy)$ and define $f: A \rightarrow B$ by sending $x \mapsto x$. Compute the kernel of $\eta_{B,(x)}$, where B is considered as an A -module via f (and $I = (x)$).

To be handed in on: Monday, 8. May 2017 (in the lecture).